Los Angeles County Citizens Redistricting (CRC) Commission



LOS ANGELES COUNTY

REDISTRICTING 2021





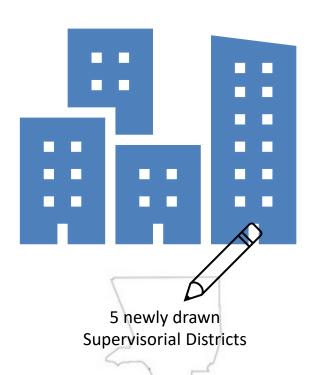
No Public Input Taken Today

This presentation is designed to be educational about the redistricting process. We can answer questions about the process.

Any input you may have about where to draw the district lines must be shared with the full LA County CRC at our upcoming public hearings – to be scheduled starting in June and continuing into December.

To provide written public input, please visit our website at: http://redistricting.lacounty.gov





Topics

- New Approach with LA County CRC
- Significance, diversity, and size of Los Angeles County
- Redistricting overview
- What your organization can do





LA County Redistricting Approach

Past Approach

- The Los Angeles County Board of Supervisors appointed an advisory-only Boundary Redistricting Committee (BRC) to study proposed changes to the boundaries.
- The Board of Supervisors could make revisions before adopting the final redistricted boundaries.

New Approach with California SB 2016

- Formation of Citizens Redistricting
 Commission to draw the boundary lines of the five single-member supervisorial districts for the next 10 years
- Independent from the influence of the Board
- Reasonably representative of the County's diversity

5 newly drawn Supervisorial Districts





Our Values

Accountability: We are accountable to the process and each other to serve all the constituents of Los Angeles County.

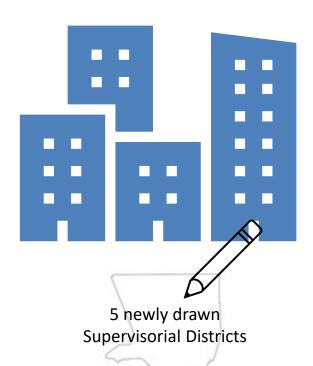
Transparency: We are committed to openness in all aspects of the redistricting process.

Objectivity: We are careful, intentional, fair-minded, and impartial and will actively resist undue influence in establishing supervisorial district boundaries in an equitable manner.

Integrity: We are honest, truthful, ethical, principled, respectful, and professional.

Inclusion & Equity: We seek to create and foster a true sense of belonging and eliminate potential barriers by being purposeful, deliberate, and effective in comprehensive public outreach, engagement, and feedback.





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Why Redistricting is Important

- At the local level, periodic redistricting and redrawing of the boundaries are important to:
 - Rebalance district populations
 - Ensure the Board of Supervisors fairly reflects the County's diverse population
 - Design districts that are reasonably equal in population
 - Meet the constitutional principal of "one person, one vote"
 - Vote for the supervisor of your choice
 - Ensure your voice is heard and that your voices are not divided



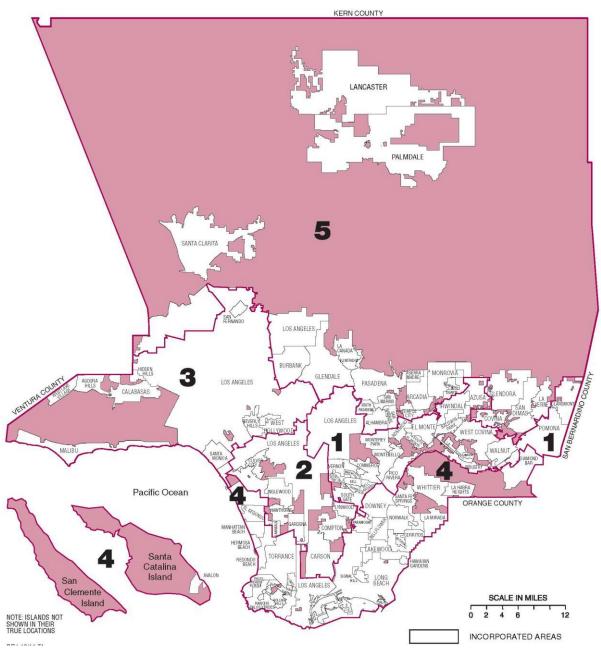




Why Redistricting is Important

- Board of Supervisors should be responsive to the preferences and needs of residents:
 - Public policies to improve lives
 - Services provided and resources in your community
 - Public health and public medical centers
 - Tax assessments
 - Public social services
 - Sheriff
 - Municipal services to unincorporated areas and contract cities
 - ...and many other public services

Complexity of Los Angeles County



Most populous U.S. county: 10 million people

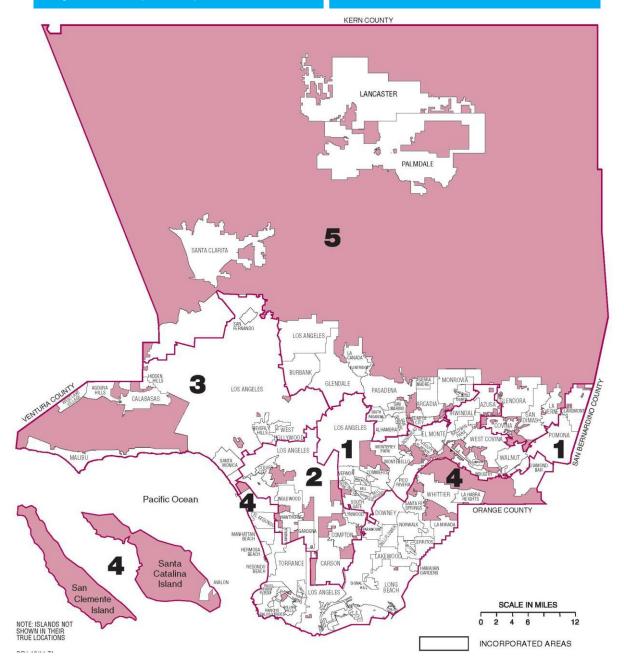
- 25% of California's population
- Population greater than 41 individual U.S. states

3rd largest metropolitan economy in the world

- 88 cities and 100+ unincorporated areas
- Los Angeles City is the 2nd most populous city with 4 million residents

One of the **most ethnically diverse** U.S. counties

Current Supervisorial Districts



5 supervisorial districts – about2 million people per district

Each with an elected Board of Supervisor to represent the residents in their supervisorial district

Supervisors must reside in their districts during their incumbency

LA County will continue to have 5 supervisorial districts for redistricting in 2021. (Any change would require voter approval.)

Current Supervisorial Districts

Historical Context in Los Angeles County

Garza v. County of Los Angeles, 918 F. 2d 763 (9th Cir. 1990)

For decades, the County:

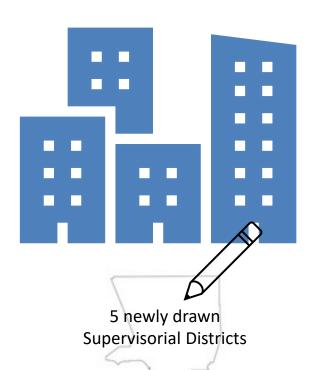
"...intentionally fragmented the Hispanic population among the various districts in order to dilute the effect of the Hispanic vote in future elections and preserve incumbencies of the Anglo members of the Board of Supervisors."

"When the dust has settled and local passions have cooled, this case will be remembered for its lucid demonstration that elected officials engaged in the single-minded pursuit of incumbency can run roughshod over the rights of protected minorities.... The record is littered with telltale signs that reapportionments going back at least as far as 1959 were motivated, to no small degree, by the desire to assure that no supervisorial district would include too much of the burgeoning Hispanic population."

Source: Justin Levitt, Esq., Loyola Law School faculty:

https://redistricting.lacounty.gov/wp-content/uploads/2021/03/Justin L presentation 03 10 21.pdf





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U.S. Constitution, 52 U.S.C. § 10301, Cal. Election Code § 21534

District lines will be adopted using the following criteria in order of priority:

- 1. Each district shall be <u>reasonably equal in total resident population</u> to the other districts, except where deviation is required to comply with the Federal Voting Rights Act of 1965 or allowable by law.
- 2. Districts shall comply with the Federal Voting Rights Act of 1965.
- 3. Districts shall be geographically contiguous.
- 4. The geographic integrity of city, local neighborhood, or community of interest shall be respected in a manner that minimizes its division.
- 5. To the extent practicable, and where it does not conflict with numbers 1-4 above, districts shall be drawn to encourage geographic compactness.

Besides the above criteria, districts shall not be drawn for purposes of favoring or discriminating against an incumbent, political candidate, or political party.





U.S. Constitution, 52 U.S.C. § 10301, Cal. Election Code § 21534

Simply put:

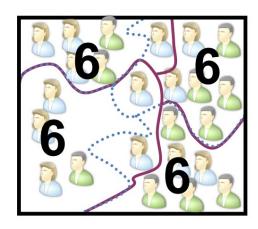
- Establish reasonably equal population
 - Every 10 years, the district lines have to be redrawn to make each district even in size again.
 - Based on U.S. Census 2020 data
 - In LA County, about 2 million people per supervisorial district
- Give racial and ethnic groups a fair shot
- Connect all parts of a district (geographic contiguity)
- Preserve geographic integrity of cities, neighborhoods, and communities of interest
- Don't bypass nearby populations in drawing districts (compactness)
- Avoid partisan favoritism

















U.S. Constitution, 52 U.S.C. § 10301, Cal. Election Code § 21534

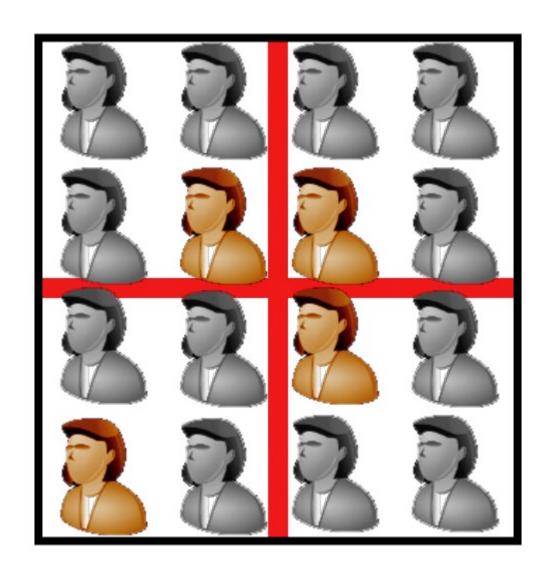
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Example of how redistricting can take away the minority voting rights.

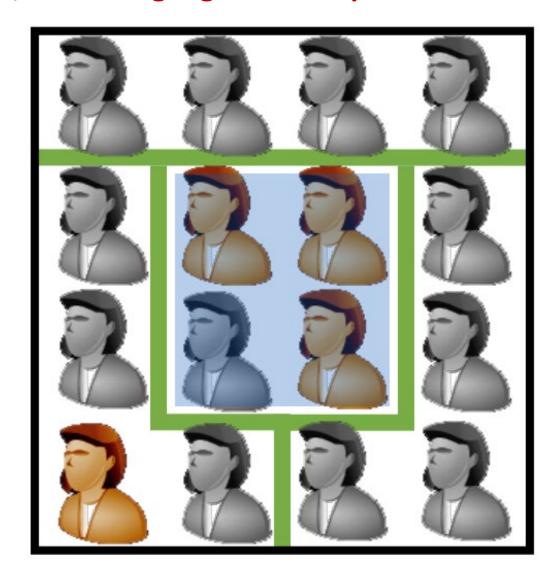
Minorities make up only ¼ in all 4 districts.



If a majority can be drawn, the Voting Rights Act requires it.

Example of how redistricting can allow communities to elect candidates of their choice.

Minorities make up only 34 of this district.

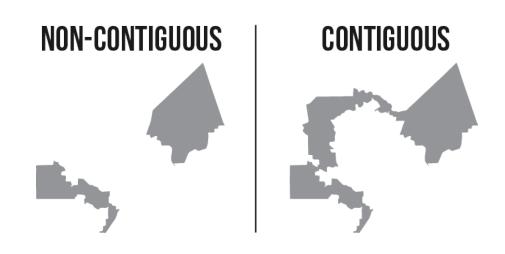




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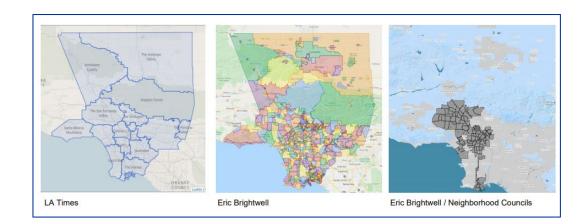




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Minimize division of a city, local neighborhood, or local community of interest:

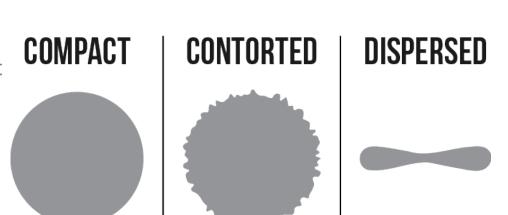
"A community of interest is a contiguous population that shares common social and economic interests that should be included within a single district for purposes of its effective and fair representation. Communities of interest shall not include relationships with political parties, incumbents, or political candidates."



U.S. Constitution, 52 U.S.C. § 10301, Cal. Election Code § 21534

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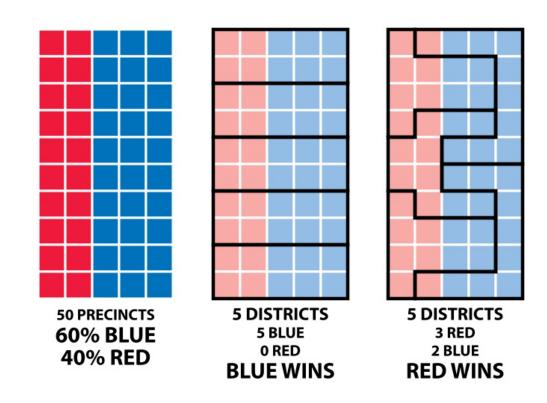




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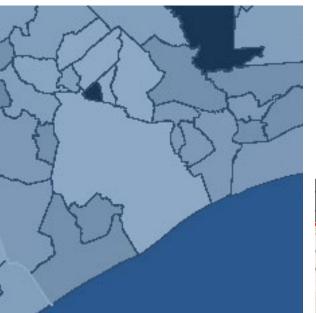
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- Connect all parts of a district (geographic contiguity)
- Preserve geographic integrity of cities, neighborhoods, and communities of interest
- Don't bypass nearby populations in drawing districts (compactness)
- Avoid partisan favoritism where you draw the lines matters



Graphic Source: League of Women Voters of Georgia,

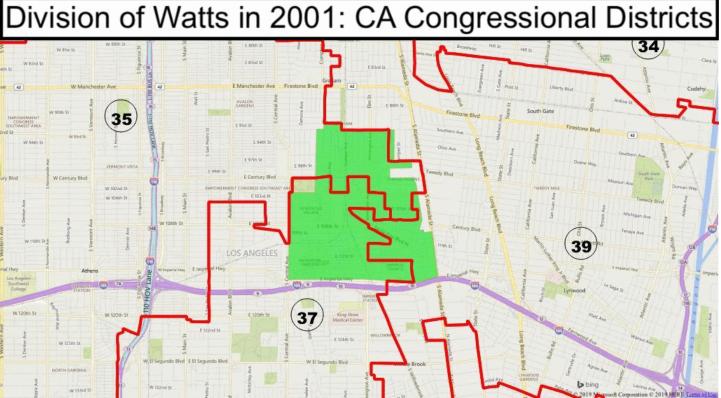


Common Cause Example



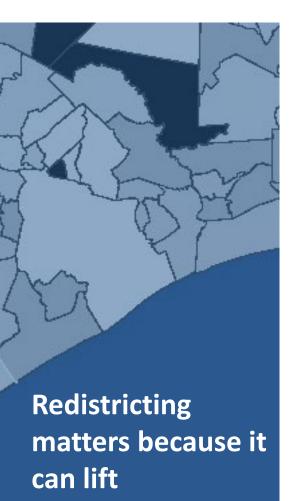
Why? Because the Watts neighborhood was split by district lines

In 2001, Watts was split by incumbents into 3 districts at the Congressional level.



Source: Common Cause of California, https://www.commoncause.org/california/wp-content/uploads/sites/29/2021/01/Kathay-Redistricting-101.pdf

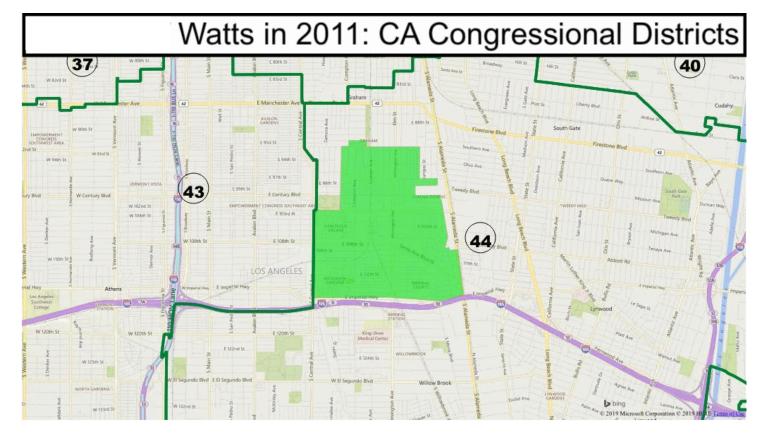
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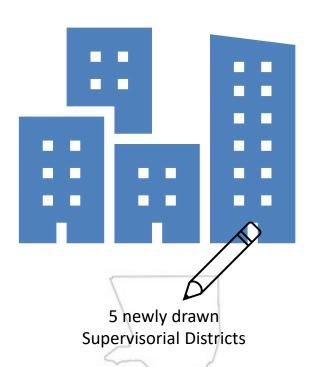
community voices

After 2011, leaders united to testify about Watts before the CA Citizens Commission.

Watts was made whole.



Source: Common Cause of California, https://www.commoncause.org/california/wp-content/uploads/sites/29/2021/01/Kathay-Redistricting-101.pdf



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How can the public participate in Redistricting?

Get Involved

- Sign up to stay informed about and participate in Redistricting
- Attend CRC virtual meetings: 2nd and 4th
 Wednesdays at 7:00 pm
- Submit redistricting maps once the Census 2020 data are available

Workshops and Public Hearings

- Attend workshops
- 10 public forums to be scheduled for June-August before the release of the U.S. Census Bureau data
- 2 public hearings to review proposed CRC
 Redistricting Plan options in Fall 2021

Sign Up and Participate in Redistricting:

https://redistricting.lacounty.gov



Toolkits to help you spread the word!

We will provide toolkits in the County's threshold languages:

- Ready-to-use talking points
- Electronic handouts and flyers
- Text to send messages via Twitter, Facebook, and other social media platforms



LA County's 12 Threshold Languages

- Armenian
- Chinese
- Cambodian/Khmer
- Farsi
- Korean
- Spanish

- Tagalog/Filipino
- Vietnamese
- Hindi
- Japanese
- Thai
- Russian





For more information: redistricting.lacounty.gov

Any questions?





Our CRC Commissioners

Co-Chair Daniel Mayeda Co-Chair Carolyn Williams

Commissioner Jean Franklin
Commissioner David Holtzman
Commissioner Mary Kenney (new)
Commissioner Mark Mendoza
Commissioner Apolonio Morales
Commissioner Nelson Obregon

Commissioner Priscilla Orpinela-Segura
Commissioner Hailes Soto
Commissioner Saira Soto
Commissioner Brian Stecher
Commissioner John Vento
Commissioner Doreena Wong





Sign up and stay informed: https://redistricting.lacounty.gov



Attend or participate virtually in CRC meetings and public hearings: https://us02web.zoom.us/j/82726060927



<u>Listen</u> only to CRC meetings and public hearings by calling: (669) 900-9128, enter: 827 2606 0927#



View CRC meetings and public hearings on YouTube: https://www.youtube.com/LACountyRedistricting/

Submit written comments via:

https://publiccomment.redistricting.lacounty.gov/

By mail: Los Angeles County CRC, P.O. Box 56447, Sherman Oaks, CA 91413



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